## Design

The design of the aircraft is primarily focused on creating as much lift as possible while staying also light. To accomplish this a the aircraft will utilize the Selig 1223 airfoil and gurney flaps.

## Background

The purpose of this project is to design a cargo aircraft to compete in the SAE Aero West competition on April 24, 2016.

## Goal

Engineer a battery powered aircraft capable of carrying a payload of about 30 pounds for the SAE Aero West Competition.

## Requirements

- Sum of height, width, and length less than 175 in
- No fiber-reinforced plastic (Landing Gear excepted)
- Single Motor
- 1000 Watt power limiter
- Payload bay dimensions 4" x 4" x 10"



# **Cargo Plane** Advisor: Professor John C. LaRue



The picture below shows the 11" x 4" x 0.5" model wing during a wind tunnel test to determine optimal GF size. The wooden beam at the bottom is the GF.

## Wing - Gurney Flaps **(GF)**

The GF is a small tab that attaches to the trailing edge of the wing and is normally set perpendicular to the wing.

This picture (left) is evidence of the trade-off between lift and drag. For this aircraft lift is the first priority.



## Team Breakdown

Tyler Gorman Madara Wijetunga [Lead] Kelsey Safar Michelle Antimie Ryan Min [Lead] Stephanie Pearce Robert Foster [Lead] Romik Mejlumyan [Lead] **Ronnel Jamir** Santiago Correa [Lead] Joshua Bae

Team Lead, Landing Gear Wing Wing, Fuselage Wing Tail Tail, Laser Cutting Fuselage Landing Gear Motor, Controls Motor, Controls Motor, Controls

#### **Information:** Tyler Gorman tgorman@uci.edu



## Tail

- Conventional empennage configuration
- Vertical and horizontal stabilizers with servos attached to control surfaces
- Symmetric NACA 0012 airfoil

### Fuselage

• Materials: Balsa wood with Monokote heat shrink

- Laser cut design
- Fixed payload bay

### Landing Gear

- •Tricycle (nose gear) Arrangement
- •Main gear fixed to fuselage
- •Main gear laser cut from aluminum

•Spring design incorporated for shock absorption

#### Controls

• Remote Controlled • Ailerons, Elevator, and Rudders controlled by servos. - Servos: small motors that move primary flight control systems

